A3

Algebra exam review

1 Here are some patterns made from dots.

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Pattern number 1 Pattern number 2 Pattern number 3 Pattern number 4

Write down a formula for the number of dots, *d*, in terms of the Pattern number, *n*.

(Total 2 marks)

2 David and Clare are studying a number pattern. The first three numbers in the pattern are 1, 2 and 6.

David says the next two numbers are 13 and 23. Clare says the next two numbers are 15 and 31.

i Explain why David could be right.

ii Explain why Clare could be right.

(1)

(1)

(Total 2 marks)

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3 The *n*th term of a sequence is given by this formula.

*n*th term = 20 – 3*n*

a Work out the 8th term of the sequence.



2

(Total 4 marks)

10

Row 1	12	_	(0 × 2)
Row 2	2 ²	-	(1 × 3)
Row 3	3 ²	-	(2 × 4)
Row 4	4 ²	-	(3 × 5)
Row n			

a In the table, write down an expression, in terms of *n*, for Row *n*.

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b	Simplify fully your expression for Row <i>n</i> . You must show your working.	(1)
		(2)
		(Total 3 marks)
<mark>8</mark> i	Factorise $x^2 - 7x + 12$	
ii	i Solve the equation	

 $x^2 - 7x + 12 = 0$

9 The diagram below shows a 6-sided shape. All the corners are right angles. All measurements are given in centimetres.



The area of the shape is 25 cm^2 .

(1)

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(Total 3 marks)

a Show that $6x^2 + 17x - 39 = 0$

b i Solve the equation $6x^2 + 17x - 39 = 0$

x = or x =

ii Hence work out the length of the longest side of the shape.

.....cm

(4)

(3)

(Total 7 marks)

10 Solve the equation

 $\frac{7}{x+2} + \frac{1}{x-1} = 4$

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