

Number exam review

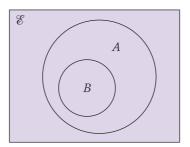
1

Statements

 $A \subset B$ $B \subset A$ $A \cup B = \mathcal{E}$ $A \cap B = \emptyset$ $A \cap B = A$

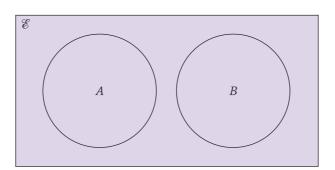
Choose a statement from the box that describes the relationship between sets *A* and *B*.

i



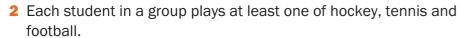
.....

ii



.....

(Total 2 marks)



10 students play hockey only.

9 play football only.

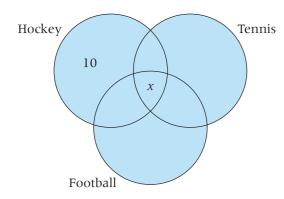
13 play tennis only.

6 play hockey and football but not tennis.

7 play hockey and tennis.

8 play football and tennis.

x play all three sports.



a Write down an expression, in terms of *x*, for the number of students who play hockey and tennis, but not football.

(1)

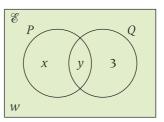
There are 50 students in the group.

b Find the value of *x*.

(3)

(Total 4 marks)

3



In the Venn diagram, 3, w, x and y represent the **numbers** of elements.

$$n(P') = 8$$

$$n((P \cap Q)') = 15$$

iii y

a Find the value of

1/1/

b i Find
$$n(P' \cap Q)$$
.

•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	

ii Find
$$n(P' \cup Q')$$
.

iii Find
$$n(P \cap Q \cap P')$$
.

- 4 A = {Prime numbers between 10 and 16}
- $B = \{\text{Multiples of 3 between 10 and 16}\}$
- **a** List the members of $A \cup B$.

.....

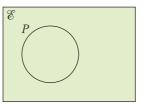
b What is A∩B?
(1)
s is it true that $11 \in B$?
Explain your answer.
(1)
(Total 4 marks)
The universal set, & = {Whole numbers} A = {Multiples of 5} B = {Multiples of 3}
Sets A and B are represented by the circles in the Venn diagram.
\mathcal{E} A B
a i On the diagram, shade the region that represents the set $A \cap B'$.
ii Write down three members of the set $A \cap B'$.

.....,

(2)

С	=	{Multiples of 10}.
b	i	On the diagram draw a circle to represent the set C.
	ii	Write down three members of the set $A \cap B \cap C'$
		,
		(2)
		(Total 4 marks)
a		he universal set, $\mathscr{E} = \{Angela's furniture\}.$
		= {chairs}. = {Kitchen furniture}.
		escribe fully the set $A \cap B$.
	٠.	
	٠.	
		(2)
b		2 = {2, 4, 6, 8}. 2 = {Odd numbers less than 10}
	i	List the members of the set $P \cup Q$.
	ii	Is it true that $P \cap Q = \emptyset$?
		Explain your answer.
		(3)
		(Total 5 marks)

7



Set P is shown on the Venn Diagram. Two sets, Q and R, are such that

$$R \subset P$$
$$Q \cap R = \emptyset$$
$$P \cup Q = P$$

Complete the Venn Diagram to show set Q and set R.

(Total 3 marks)